

## Ultrasonic Barrier UPB Series

- Large detection range up to 1500mm
- Small size in popular 'R-Shape'
- Microprozessor controlled
- No blind range
- Very high switching frequency (200Hz)
- For detection of fast objects and objects with small distance to each other
- For detection of non right-angled surfaces
- Adjustable transmitter power
- Adjustable switching delay
- Works under dust, dirt, fog, bright light
- Detects transparent and bright objects
- Watertight, IP 67, ATEX 22, oil resistant, robust
- Customized versions available!
- Swiss made



**New!**  
**oil resistant thanks to Viton®**  
**ATEX 22**

### Technical specifications

		UPB 1500
Detection range	mm	0...1500
Operating frequency	kHz	~180
Status indicator transmitter	-	LED green
Status indicator receiver	-	LED yellow
Switch output, short circuit proof, max. 0.1A	-	by choice PNP, NPN, NO, NC
Switching frequency	Hz	200
Sampling frequency	Hz	800
t <sub>on</sub> switch output (adjustable on receiver with potentiometer)	ms	3...~400
t <sub>off</sub> switch output	ms	<3
Transmitting power (adjustable on transmitter with potentiometer)	%	~0.5...100
Power supply voltage (polarity reversal protection)	VDC	18...30
Ripple of supply voltage	%	10
Mean consumption transmitter		
	@ max. transmitter power	35
	@ min. transmitter power	10
Peak consumption transmitter		
	@ max. transmitter power	55
	@ min. transmitter power	15
Mean consumption receiver, switched wo. load	mA	17
Ambient temperature during operation	°C	-20...+50
Sensor temperature during operation	°C	-20...+70
Pressure range	mbar <sub>abs</sub>	~900...1100
Mass without cable (transmitter and receiver)	g	45 each
Protection class	-	IP67
ATEX zone 22 for category 3D (non conductive dust)	-	EEx II 3D T80°C
Housing material	-	Polyamide and stainless steel
Electrical connection	-	3-pin connector 8mm

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This Information corresponds to the current state of knowledge. SNT reserves the right to make technical changes. Do not use these products in any application where failure of the product could result in personal injury. Liability for consequential damage resulting from the use of SNT products is excluded.

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## Properties

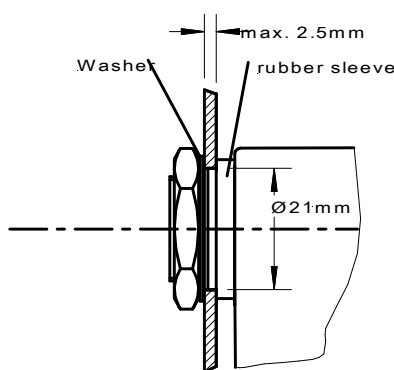
Ultrasonic sensors are perfectly suited for detection of objects with very different surfaces and under bad environmental conditions (dust, dirt, fog, bright light). A disadvantage is their relatively low measuring speed, caused by the slow speed of sound compared e.g. to the speed of light. Moreover the so called blind range of ultrasonic scanner type sensors (transmitter and receiver in the same sensor) might be sometimes a disadvantage, too.

Those disadvantages are eliminated with the ultrasonic barrier UPB. In the same way as with a light barrier, the full range between transmitter and receiver can be used. There is no blind range. The measuring speed of 200Hz is very high as well. The microprocessor controlled UPB series combines high acoustic power with small size. This is achieved with new optimized acoustic **SONARANGE** transducers working at high electrical voltages. Thanks to the new transducer sealing made of Viton® the UPB sensors are very robust against many environmental influences. In particular, they are oil resistant, unlike many other ultrasonic sensors.

The high measuring speed combined with the large measuring range of 1500mm are the outstanding characteristics of the UPB ultrasonic barrier.

## Mounting

Ultrasonic sensors should be mounted softly in order to keep external acoustic noise away from the sensor. The UPB sensors can be mounted in two ways, with two M4 screws through the two holes in the housing or on the M18 thread of the transducer as well. Scope of delivery are an M18 nut, a washer and a rubber sleeve for mounting on the M18 transducer. The rubber sleeve fits for a mounting hole of Ø21mm.



## Cable

Transmitter and receiver have both a 3-pin M8 connector. The cable should be kept as short as possible. The cable should not be mounted parallel or close to high current cables. Cables for connection to the M8 connector have to be ordered separately.

## Power supply

Ideally a power supply is used exclusively for the sensor. In order to avoid disturbances the part where the sensor is mounted must be correctly earthed.

## Settings

A further outstanding characteristic of the UPB series are the adjustable transmitter and receiver.

### Transmitter (green LED):

The acoustic power can be adjusted with the potentiometer. The max. power (turn clockwise) should be used for big and slow objects and when operating with a large barrier distance. A reduced power (turn counter clockwise) is favourable when the objects are so small, so acoustically transparent or so fast that the sound would go around or penetrate the object with a high power setting. In particular for small or fast objects the appropriate transmitter power must be experimentally evaluated.

The speed and the width of the object are in the following direct relationship:

$$v \leq \frac{b}{x}$$

v speed of object [m/s]  
b width of object resp. width of the gap between objects [mm] (the smaller is true)

The value x depends on the distance between transmitter and receiver and also on the transmitter power. The min. value of x is 3. With higher distance and higher transmitter power approaches 30.

### Example:

A 50mm wide object can be safely detected up to a speed of approx. 1.7m/s (x=30). With small barrier distance even up to higher speed (x=3).

### Receiver (yellow LED):

The switching-on delay can be adjusted on the receiver with a potentiometer. The barrier has max. speed without delay (counter clockwise). This should be the normal operation mode. An increased switching-on delay (clockwise) might make sense when small objects (or disturbances) should not make the sensor to switch.

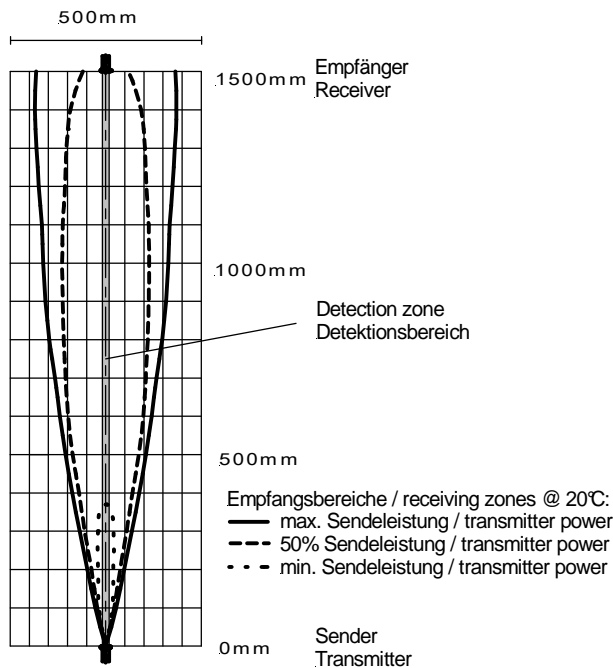
## Standard versions

Type	Description
UPB 1500 P 24 CT	Transmitter, 3-pin connector
UPB 1500 PVPS 24 CR	Receiver, PNP, NO, 3-pin connector
UPB 1500 PVNS 24 CR	Receiver, NPN, NO, 3-pin connector
UPB 1500 PVPO 24 CR	Receiver, PNP, NC, 3-pin connector
UPB 1500 PVNO 24 CR	Receiver, NPN, NC, 3-pin connector

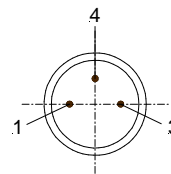
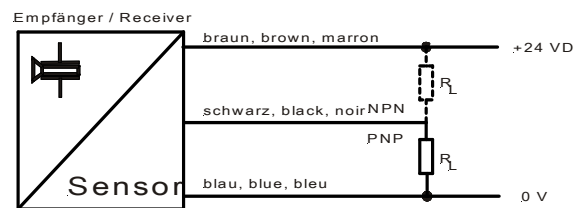
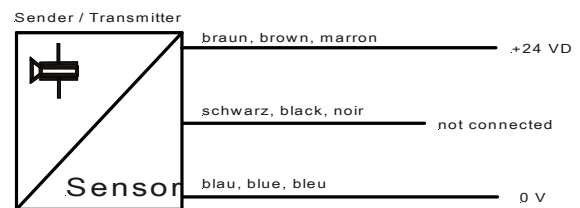
Transmitter and receiver don't have to be paired. For an ultrasonic barrier both, a transmitter and a receiver are ordered separately.

## Detection area

An ultrasonic barrier works according to the principle of shading. As soon as the receiver is sufficiently covered by the object, it switches. The necessary shading for switching can be adjusted with the transmitter power and thus adapted to the object. When several ultrasonic barriers are to be positioned next to each other, each receiver must be outside of the reception range of his neighbour.



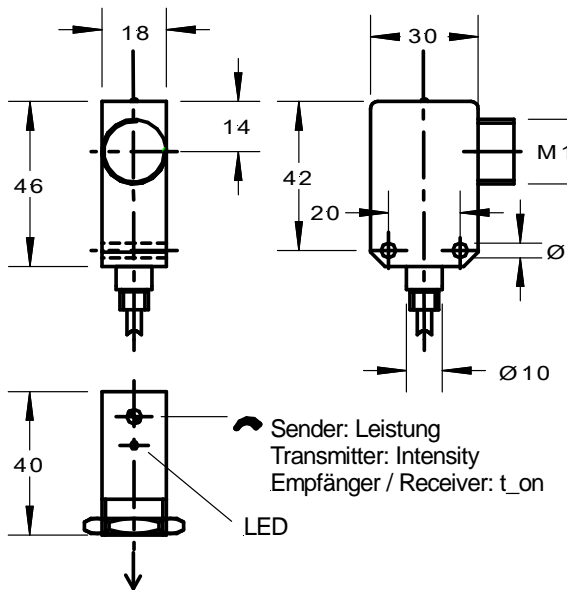
## Diagrams of connections



- 1 brown
- 3 blue
- 4 black

3-pin connector (view on the sensor):

## Dimensions



Use appropriate miniature screw driver max. size 2.5mm for adjustment of the two potentiometers!

## Scope of delivery

- 1 transmitter or 1 receiver
- M18 nuts, washer and rubber sleeve for mounting

## Accessories (see also data sheet („ACC’)

PUR cable 3-pin with M8 screw connector

with straight connector:	l=2m	Type KAB 2K3VGPUR
	l=5m	Type KAB 5K3VGPUR
with 90° connector:	l=2m	Type KAB 2K3VWPUR
	l=5m	Type KAB 5K3VWPUR

## Application hint (picture to the right)

By means of a hole orifice in front of the receiver (to be machined by the customer), the ultrasound beam can be focused. Thus even smaller objects can easily be detected. This is possible also in dirty environment where optical sensors will fail after short time.

## Some applications for ultrasonic barriers

- Detection of fast objects and those with small mutual distance
- Detection of transparent objects
- Detection of non right-angled surfaces
- Detection of foils, paper etc.
- Detection of double sheets

